

# Machine Learning @ Microsoft

Stanford Scaled Machine Learning Conference

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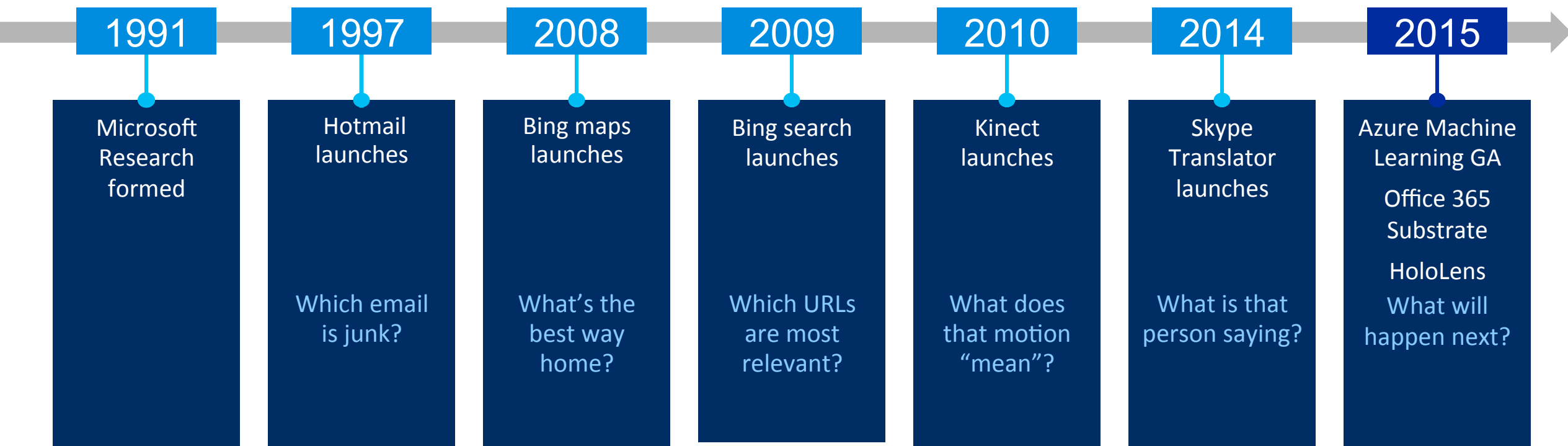
# Agenda

- What We Do
  - History
  - Going forward
- How We Scale
  - CNTK
  - FPGA
  - Open Mind
- Q&A

What We Do

# ML @ Microsoft: History

Answering questions with experience



*Machine learning is pervasive throughout Microsoft products*

# ML @ Microsoft: Going Forward

- Data => Model => Intelligence => Fuels of Innovation
- Applications & Services
  - Office 365, Dynamic 365 (Biz SaaS), Skype, Bing, Cortana
  - Digital Work & Digital Life
  - Models for: World, Organizations, Users, Languages, Context, ...
- Computing Devices
  - PC, Tablet, Phone, Wearable, Xbox, Hololens (AR/VR), ....
  - Models for: Natural User Interactions, Reality, ...
- Cloud
  - Azure Infrastructure and Platform
  - Azure ML Tools & Services
  - Intelligence Services

# Machine Learning Building Blocks

## Azure ML (Cloud)

Ease of use through Visual Workflows

Single click operationalization

Expand reach with Gallery and marketplace

Integration with Jupyter Notebook

Integration with R/Python

## Microsoft R Server (On-Prem & Cloud)

Enterprise Scale & Performance

Write Once, Deploy Anywhere

R Tools for Visual Studio IDE

Secure/Scalable Operationalization

Works with open source R

## Computational Network Toolkit

Designed for peak performance

Works on CPU and GPU (single/multi)

Supports popular network types (FNN, CNN, LSTM, RNN)

Highly Flexible – description language

Used to build cognitive APIs

## Cognitive APIs (Cloud Services)

See, hear, interpret, and interact

Prebuilt APIs with CNTK and experts

Vision, Speech, Language, Knowledge,

Build and connect intelligent bots

Interact with your users on SMS, text, email, Slack, Skype

## HDInsight/Spark

Open source Hadoop with Spark

Use Spark ML or MLlib using Java, Python, Scala or R

Support for Zeppelin and Jupyter notebook

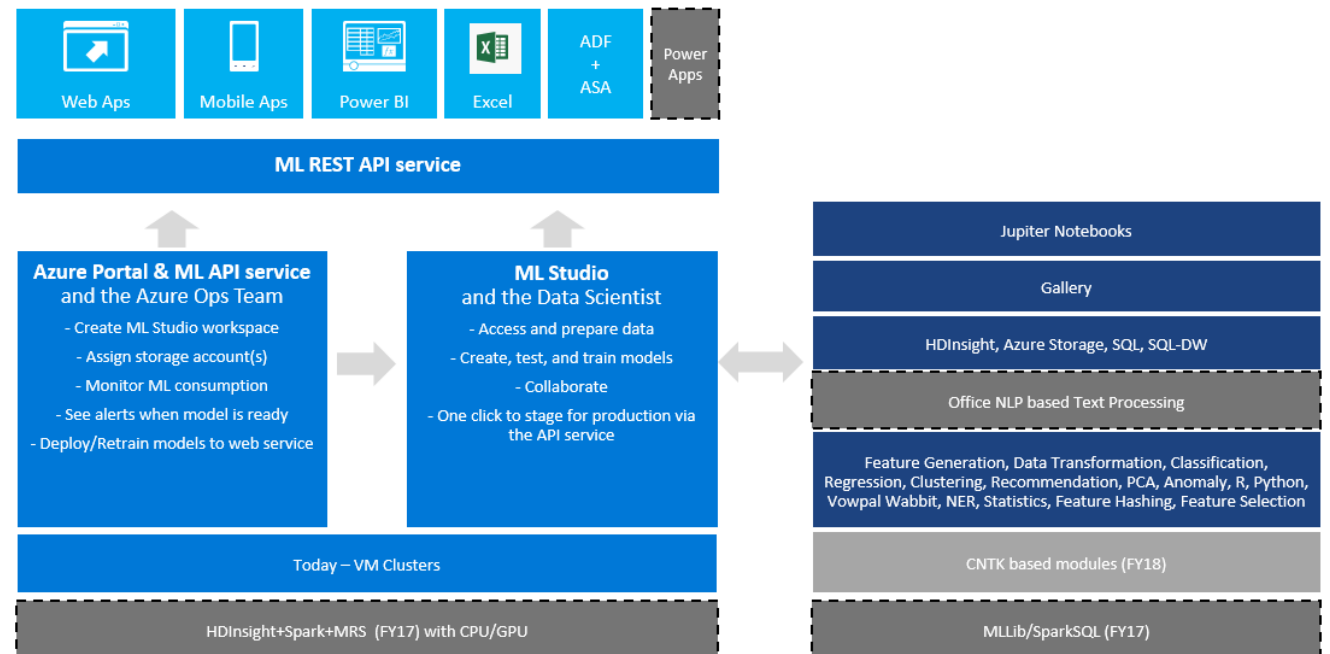
Includes MRS over Hadoop or over Spark

Train on TBs of data

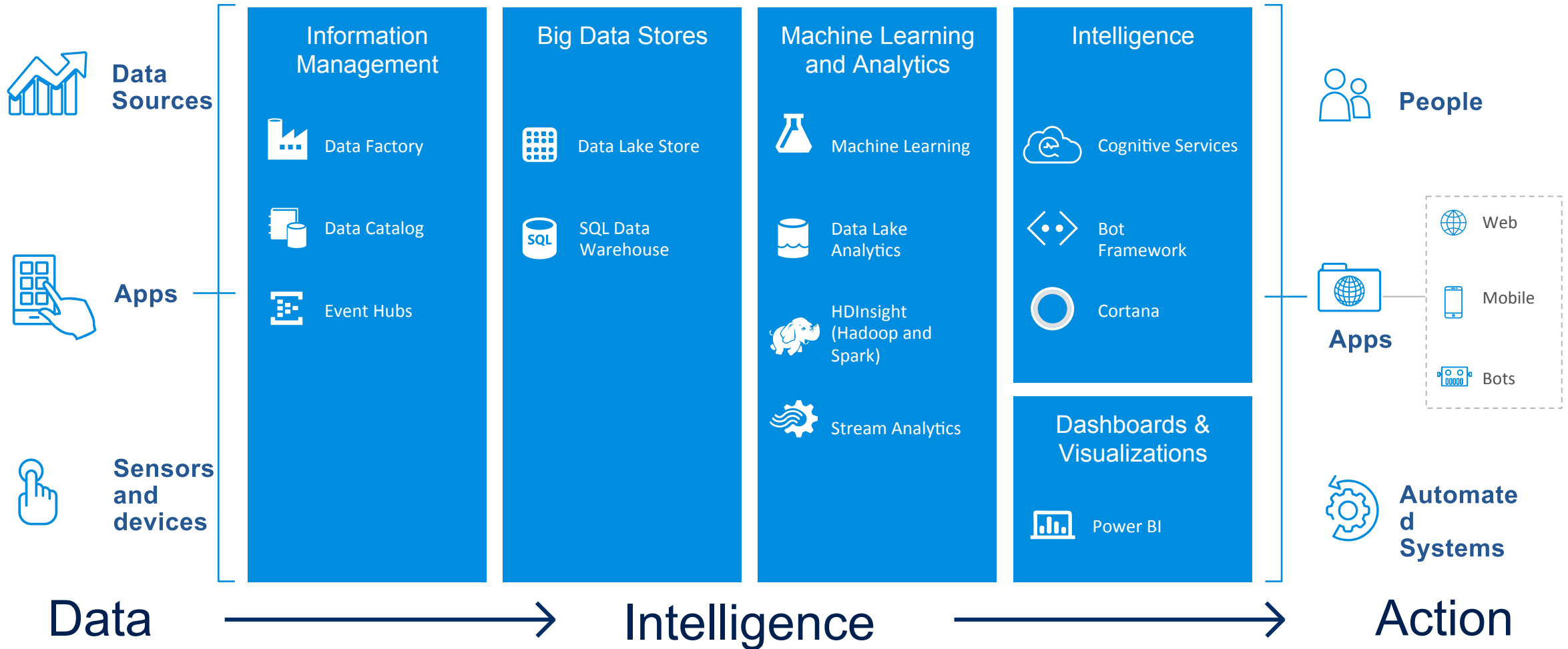
Run large massively parallel compute and data jobs

# Azure Machine Learning Services

- Ease of use tools with **drag/drop paradigm**, single click **operationalization**
- Built-in support for **statistical functions**, data **ingest, transform, feature generate/select, train, score, evaluate** for tabular data and text across **classification, clustering, recommendation, anomaly**
- Seamless **R/Python** integration along with support for **SQL lite** to filter, transform
- **Jupyter** Notebooks for data exploration and **Gallery** extensions for quick starts
- Modules for **text preprocessing**, key phrase extraction, language detection, n-gram generation, LDA, compressed feature hash, stats based anomaly
- **Spark/HDInsight/MRS** Integration
- **GPU** support
- New geographies
- Compute **reservation**



# Intelligence Suite





# Cognitive Services



Vision



Speech



Language



Knowledge



Search

Computer vision

Face

Emotion

Video

Speaker recognition

Speech

Custom recognition

Text analytics

Bing spell check

Web language model

Linguistic analysis

Language  
understanding

Translator

Academic knowledge

Entity linking service

Knowledge  
exploration service

Recommendations

Bing search API

Bing image  
search API

Bing video  
search API

Bing news  
search API

Bing auto  
suggest API

# How We Scale

# Key Dimensions of Scaling

- Data volume / dimension
- Model / algorithm complexity
- Training / evaluation time
- Deployment / update velocity
- Developer productivity / innovation agility
- Infrastructure / platform
- Software framework / tool
- Data set / algorithm

How We Scale Example: CNTK

# CNTK: Computational Network Toolkit

- CNTK is Microsoft's open-source, cross-platform toolkit for learning and evaluating models especially deep neural networks
- CNTK expresses (nearly) arbitrary neural networks by composing simple building blocks into complex computational networks, supporting common network types and applications
- CNTK is production-deployed: accuracy, efficiency, and scales to multi-GPU/multi-server

# CNTK Development

- Open-source development model inside and outside the company
  - Created by Microsoft Speech researchers 4 years ago; open-sourced in early 2015
  - On GitHub since Jan 2016 under permissive license
  - Nearly all development is out in the open
- Driving applications: Speech, Bing, Hololens, MSR research
  - Each team have full-time employees actively contribute to CNTK
  - CNTK trained models are tested and deployed in production environment
- External contributions
  - e.g., from MIT and Stanford
- Platforms and runtimes
  - Linux, Windows, .Net, docker, cudnn5
  - Python, C++, and C# APIs coming soon

# CNTL Design Goals & Approach

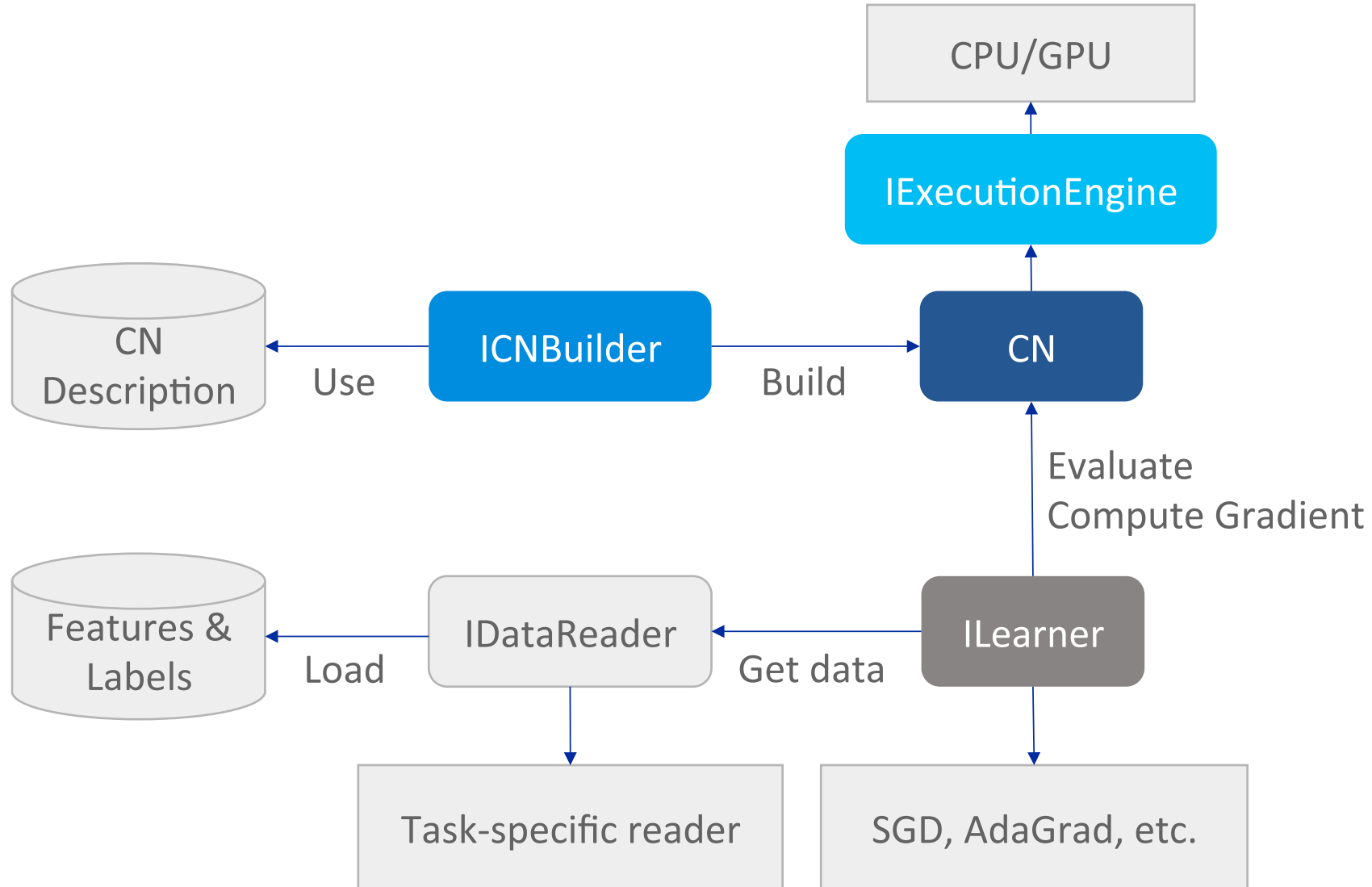
- A deep learning framework that balances
  - **Efficiency**: can train production systems as fast as possible
  - **Performance**: can achieve best-in-class performance on benchmark tasks for production systems
  - **Flexibility**: can support a growing and wide variety of tasks such as speech, vision, and text; can try out new ideas very quickly
- Lego-like composability
  - Support a wide range of networks
  - E.g. Feed-forward DNN, RNN, CNN, LSTM, DSSM, sequence-to-sequence
- Evolve and adapt
  - Design for emerging prevailing patterns

# Key Functionalities & Capabilities

- Supports
  - CPU and GPU with a focus on GPU Cluster
  - Automatic numerical differentiation
  - Efficient static and recurrent network training through batching
  - Data parallelization within and across machines, e.g., 1-bit quantized SGD
  - Memory sharing during execution planning
- Modularization with separation of
  - Computational networks
  - Execution engine
  - Learning algorithms
  - Model description
  - Data readers
- Model descriptions via
  - Network definition language (NDL) and model editing language (MEL)
  - Brain Script (beta) with Easy-to-Understand Syntax



# Architecture

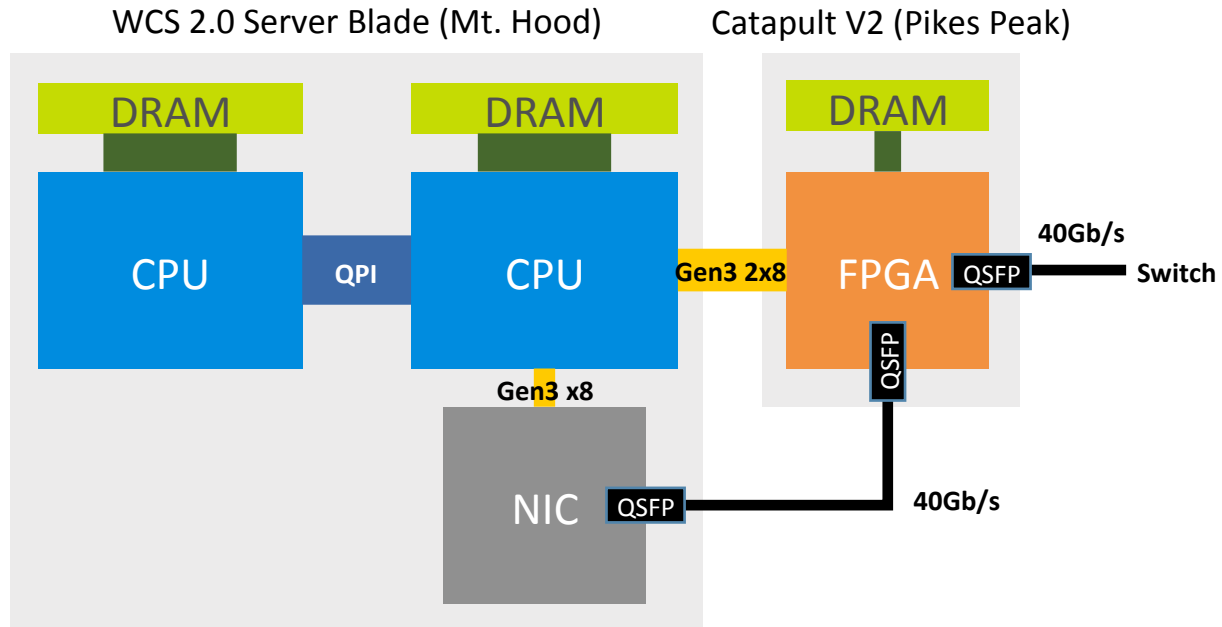


# Roadmap

- CNTK as a library
  - More language support: Python/C++/C#/.Net
- More expressiveness
  - Nested loops, sparse support
- Finer control of learner
  - SGD with non-standard loops, e.g., RL
- Larger model
  - Model parallelism, memory swapping, 16-bit floats
- More powerful CNTK service on Azure
  - GPUs soon; longer term with cluster, container, new HW (e.g., FPGA)

How We Scale Example: FPGA

# Catapult v2 Architecture

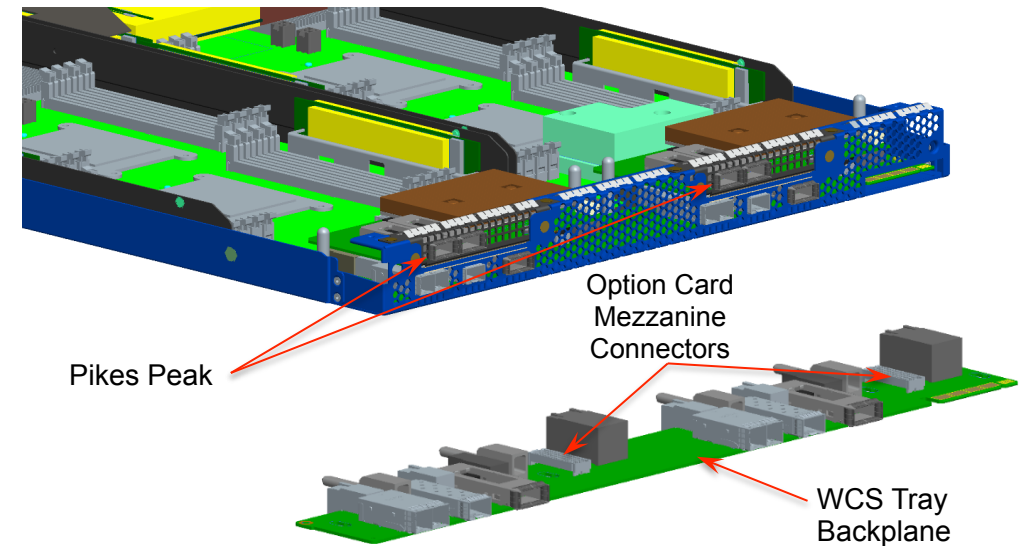


- Gives substantial acceleration flexibility
  - Can act as a local compute accelerator
  - Can act as a network/storage accelerator
  - Can act as a remote compute accelerator

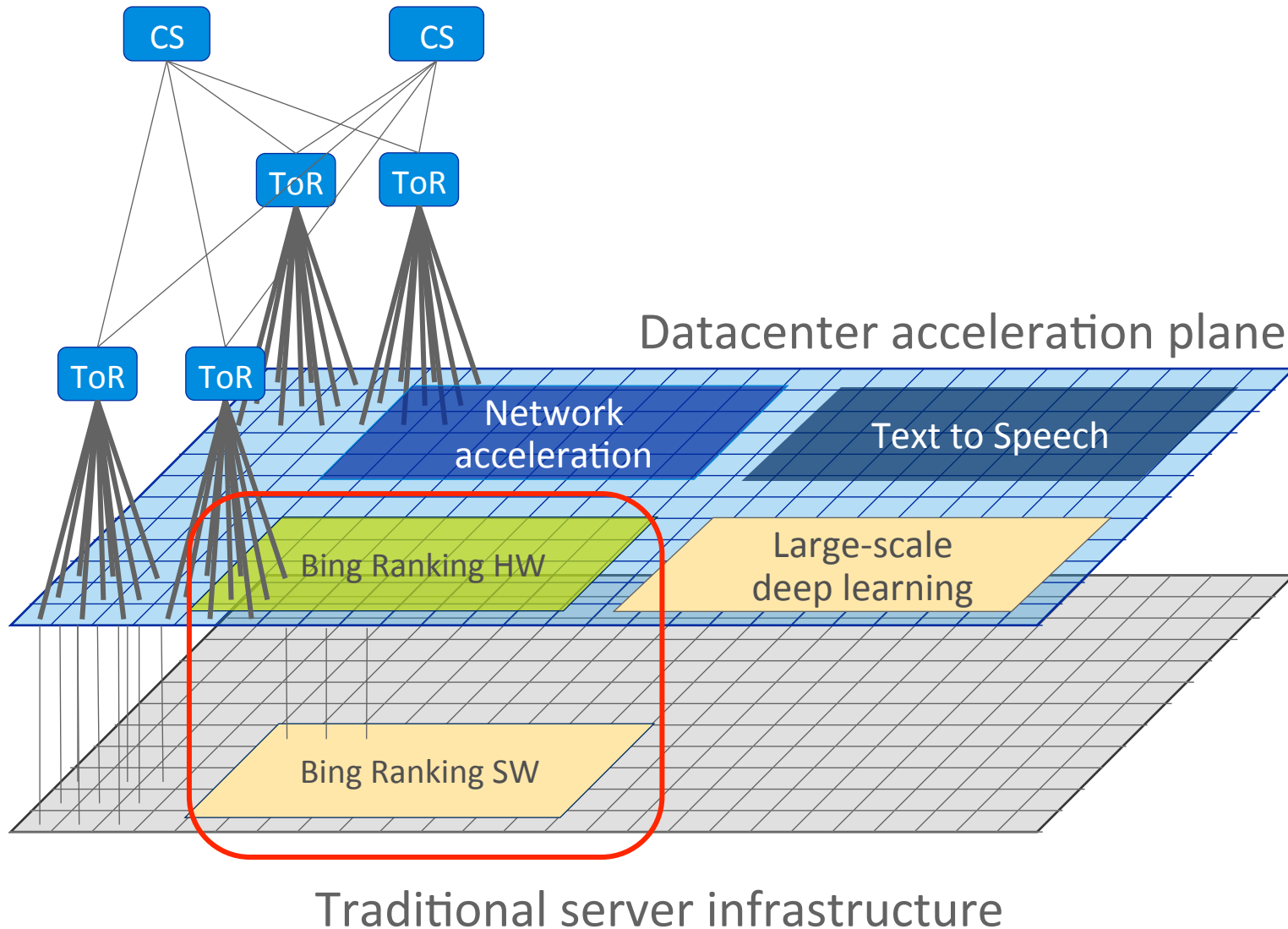
Catapult WCS Mezz card  
(Pike's Peak)



WCS Gen4.1 Blade with Mellanox NIC and Catapult FPGA

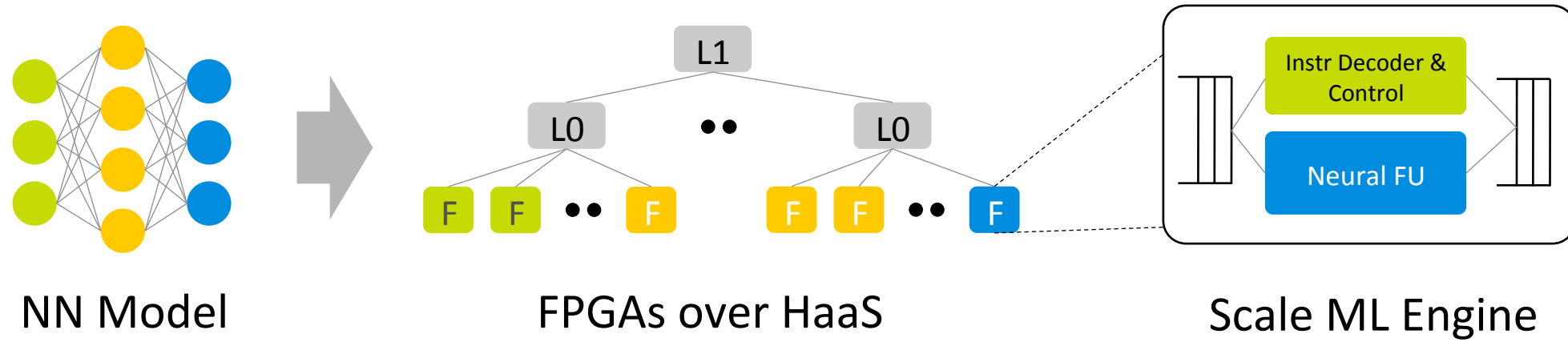


# Configurable Clouds



- Cloud becomes network + FPGAs attached to servers
- Can continuously upgrade/change datacenter HW protocols (network, storage, security)
- Can also use as an application acceleration plane (Hardware Acceleration as a Service (HaaS))
- Services communicate with no SW intervention (LTL)
- Single workloads (including deep learning) can grab 10s, 100s, or 1000s of FPGAs
- Can create service pools as well for high throughput

# Scalable Deep Learning on FPGAs



- **Scale ML Engine: a flexible DNN accelerator on FPGA**
  - Fully programmable via software and customizable ISA
  - Over 10X improvement in energy efficiency, cost, and latency versus CPU
- **Deployable as large-scale DNN service pools via HaaS**
  - Low latency communication in few microseconds / hop
  - Large scale models at ultra low latencies

# How We Scale Example: Open Mind

# Open Mind Studio: the “Visual Studio” for Machine Learning

Data, Model, Algorithm, Pipeline, Experiment, and Life Cycle Management

## Programming Abstractions for Machine Learning / Deep Learning

CNTK

Other Deep  
Learning  
Frameworks

(e.g., Caffe, MxNet,  
TensorFlow,  
Theano, Torch)

Open  
Source  
Computation  
Frameworks

(e.g., Hadoop, Spark)

Specialized,  
Optimized  
Computation  
Frameworks

(e.g., SCOPE, ChaNa)

The Next  
New  
Framework

...

## Federated Infrastructure

Data Storage, Compliance, Resource Management, Scheduling, and Deployment

## Heterogeneous Computing Platform

(CPU, GPU, FPGA, RDMA; Cloud, Client/Device)



# ChaNa:RDMA-Optimized Computation Framework

- Focus on faster network
  - Compact memory representation
  - Balanced parallelism
  - Highly optimized RDMA-aware communication primitives
  - Overlapping communication and computation
- An order of magnitude improvement in early results
  - Over existing computation frameworks (with TCP)
  - Against several large-scale workloads in production

# Programming Abstraction for Machine Learning

- Graph Engines for Distributed Machine Learning
  - Automatic system-level optimizations
  - Parallelization and distribution
  - Layout for efficient data access
  - Partitioning for balanced parallelism
- Promising early results
  - Simplification of distributed ML programs via high level abstractions
  - About 70-80% reduction in code
    - Relative to ML systems such as Petuum, Parameter Server
    - Matrix Factorization for recommendation system
    - Latent Dirichlet Allocation for topic modeling

Q&A

Thank You!